

CYPRUS 2019



Saturday 16th November 16:00 GSP Stadium, Nicosia #CYPSCO

Steve Clarke continues his international football education with a tough trip to Cyprus in a match likely to decide who will finish 3rd in Group I. That is a best of the rest title after Russia's 5-0 win in the same location eliminated 10 man Cyprus. This confirmed that Russia joined Belgium as qualifiers for Euro 2020 with 2 games to spare. The result ended any hopes for the Cypriots as their ranking of 36th cannot get them into the play offs. In contrast Scotland will use the game and the home fixture against Kazakhstan as preparation for those vital play offs in March.

The Cyprus Football Association was formed in 1934 and has organised club football on the island ever since. In 1948 it joined FIFA but only played a handful of friendlies against teams from Israel until after the country gained independence from Britain in 1960. The first official game was a 1-1 draw against Israel later the same year in a qualifier for the 1962 World Cup, the second leg was lost 6-1. Cyprus became a UEFA member in 1962 and competed in the qualifiers for the first time in 1966. They have competed in qualification for the Euros and the World Cup ever since but have yet to qualify for either. For many years they struggled and only managed their first competitive away win in 1992 against San Marino but they have improved significantly over the last 20 years. They have twice come close to advancing in the Euros including 4 years ago when a win in their last fixture against Bosnia and Herzegovina would have put them in a play off, they lost 3-2. Their highest ever FIFA ranking was 69 and current is 97. In the Nations League they finished 3rd in Group C3 and will remain in League C.



This will be the 4th time Scotland have played in Cyprus and the 7th time the 2 teams have met overall, Scotland have won on all 6 previous occasions, 1 friendly and 5 qualifiers. When the teams met at Hampden in June the Cypriots must have thought they would break that cycle when they equalised with 3 minutes to play only for Oliver Burke to score the winner 2 minutes later. That is not as dramatic as the last qualifier in Cyprus when it took until the 7th minute of injury time for a headed Richard Gough winner (pictured below). Scotland grateful to an East German referee adding on the extra time that allowed them to pick up a crucial 3 points en route to Italia 1990. Cyprus will be determined to get revenge for that late loss in Glasgow and Scotland know this is a warm up match for the play offs but I'm sure Steve Clarke and the boys will be determined to keep up the 100% record against the Cypriots before looking to avenge the humiliating 3-0 defeat earlier this year from Kazakhstan.



Scotland record against Cyprus

	P	W	D	L	GF	GA	Best	Worst	Last
Home	3	3	0	0	12	2	8-2	2-1	2-1
Away	3	3	0	0	10	3	5-0	2-1	2-1
Total	6	6	0	0	22	5			

Northern Cyprus

Cyprus remains divided by the Green Line which separates Northern Cyprus from the rest of the island. The 'Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus' is only recognised by Turkey and not by the rest of the international community including the UK. Whilst this was a heavily fortified border in the past crossing is now common place for tourists although passports or ID are required to cross over.



GSP STADIUM

Stadium

The Pancyprrian Gymnastic Association Stadium (GSP Stadium) is the home stadium of the Cyprus national football team. The largest venue in the country with a capacity of 22,859 and also the home ground for APOEL and Omonia Nicosia. It is the only ground in Cyprus that meets UEFA criteria so hosts all teams in European Cups and has also hosted matches for Israeli clubs in the past. Located on the south edge of Nicosia it was built in 1999 to replace a nearby stadium of the same name.



Tickets

SFA ticket pickup is from 1pm on match day until kick off. The ticket office is located at the North West corner of the ground close to the Scotland section. Take your SSC card and/or a valid form of photo ID in order to ensure pick up of your ticket. Scotland fans will be in the North stand in sections 114-118 and 211-214 and access will be via gates B1-B4. There are no row or seat numbers in the stadium as the Cypriot FA work on the concept of free seating. There is a section adjacent to the SSC section where tickets have been sold to Scotland fans and ex-pats it will be segregated from the SSC sections. **A photocopy or your original passport or ID will be required to access the stadium for all sections.**





TA IN CYPRUS



Tartan Army Childrens Charity

TACC will be making a donation of £5000 to the Riding School for the Disabled (RDA) in Episkopi, Cyprus.

Research shows that riding with RDA promotes physical benefits as well as boosting confidence, relationships skills and communication skills. The donation will go towards 3 new ponies for the school.

A presentation will take place at the Riding School on Thursday 14th November around 09.30.

TACC raise as much money as possible to support disadvantaged children in Scotland and in the countries that they visit to watch Scotland play.
www.tartanarmychildrenscharity.org.uk

Davy Provan Buses

Davy Provan has done a fantastic job organising buses to Scotland games in the past but has surpassed himself in Cyprus, transport from 4 different locations on the island. There are a large number of buses leaving from each town so please be on time. Places had to be booked and paid for in advance, get in touch with Davy on Facebook or the TAMB if you have any queries.

Ayia Napa 60mins £12 Departs 12.30pm from McDonalds, Evagora Pallikaridi Street.

Larnaca 40mins £10 Departs 1pm from Makenzie Beach Car Park

Limassol 75mins £12 Departs 12.30pm from The Hamlet Pub, Amathountos Avenue

Paphos 120mins £14 Departs 12noon Pafos FC, Stelios Kyriakides Stadium

NO ALCOHOL, NO FOOD, NO SMOKING on the buses please. Carry outs may be carried in the hold for arrival at the GSP stadium.



TA Select FC

Due to the fact that supporters will be dispersed throughout the island there will not be a game for the TA Select FC in Cyprus.

Night Before and Matchday Party

Parties are in Club DEEP Larnaca, Finikoudes Promenade (Next to McDonalds) 6023 Larnaca,

Live music from Ted Christopher & Tartan Army DJ

Fri 15th Nov – Night Before Party 8pm - Midnight
Sat 16th Nov – Matchday Party 8pm - Midnight

Tickets in advance £5 by emailing ted@tedchristopher.scott or 10EUR on the night, a donation will be made to TASA.

Tartan Army Sunshine Appeal

TASA confirmed that the recipient of the 76th consecutive donation, to mark the game against Cyprus, will be Archangel Michael Hospice who are the only facility on the island providing palliative care for children.

Archangel Michael Hospice provides free care to people at the final stage of their life. Their aim is to offer comfort, medical services, quality care, spiritual and psychological support. They aim to enable their patients to pass away with the minimum pain, with the purpose to live every day to the full up to and including their last few days alive.

The presentation will take place on Friday 15th November at about 1930 in Paphos, where all supporters are welcome. The presentation will take place in Flairs Bar, οδός Αγίου Αντωνίου, 8041 Paphos

For more details checkout www.tasunshineappeal.scot



www.associationoftartanarmyclubs.com

info@associationoftartanarmyclubs.com

facebook.com/AssocTAClubs

[@AssocTAClubs](https://twitter.com/AssocTAClubs)

CYPRUS

Cyprus is only 149 miles long from end to end and 62 miles wide at its widest point, also a popular tourist destination with a large ex-pat community. So ATAC anticipate that Scotland fans will be spread across the island with many taking in a longer holiday as fans hope to catch some sun before the end of the year in addition to the football. It is surrounded by a beautiful coastline with many fantastic and wonderful sights to see. November is definitely off season so places will be quieter than in the summer but here is a summary of the main destinations.



LARNACA

Dominated by the long sandy beach on the Finikoudes promenade, Larnaca offers all year round bars and restaurants. Larnaca is small enough destination to be not too overpowering but large enough to cater for all tastes.

For those scuba divers amongst you, the Zenobia car ferry which sunk off Larnaca in 1980 is regarded as one of the top 10 dives in the world. Depending on the weather, daily dives are available.

Larnaca International airport is only a short journey away on bus route 425 or a taxi should cost around 10-12euros.

Makenzy Beach is about 20 minutes walk along the boardwalk from Larnaca Fort. It has a mixture of traditional style Greek restaurants and vibrant club bars offering food during the day and outdoor live music at night and into the early hours. This beach is mainly where the Cypriot youth hang out during the summer months.

PAPHOS

Paphos is known as the birthplace of the goddess Aphrodite. Located on the South West end of the island it was once a province of Ancient Rome although the quaint harbour area, now surrounded by restaurants and bars, was built during the reign of Alexander the Great.

Now a bustling all year round tourist destination, it has the largest population of UK expatriates on the island, which is very noticeable in the amount of homegrown restaurants and bars. Appropriately named Bar Street is the best place for bars and the Lodge (Poseidonos Ave 52) is a recommended spot for food.

The small castle in the harbour is surrounded by small fishing boats and pleasure craft and at night is a magnet for those looking for fresh fish in the quayside restaurants. One restaurant even has a real life Pelican which wanders about amongst the tourists, who pose for pictures with it. It belongs to one of the restaurateurs.

Coral Bay about 15minutes to the North West out of Paphos is the main sandy beach in the area. Paphos shoreline itself is rocky.

Paphos has the driest climate on the island and usually has the most sunshine hours, however, when it rains it rains!

NICOSIA

The capital city of Cyprus and now the only divided city in the world after the fall of the Berlin Wall. The ancient Venetian walls (pictured below) surround the old city with 11 arrow head shaped Bastions completing the 360 degrees circular wall. 3 ancient gates served the city, 2 (Paphos & Famagusta Gates) which are now on the southern side and 1 (Kyrenia Gate) on the northern side. The city was first split in the 1960s by the British due to civil unrest between the Greek & Turkish Cypriots. In 1964 the UN intervened in the inter-communal fighting and has patrolled the historic "Green Line", so called because the separation map was drawn with a green chinagraph pencil, ever since. Since the Turkish Invasion of 1974 the city has been heavily fortified with military emplacements, which although now unmanned, can still be seen today. The United Nations buffer Zone passes through the city and is a time warp to 1974, with car show rooms and several shops still intact and awaiting their owners return. You can cross by foot to the Northern side of the city at the Ledra Palace Hotel crossing or the main tourist crossing on Ledra Street. You will need your passport to cross.

LIMASSOL

Limassol is the industrial heart of the island with the deep water port in use since the Turkish Invasion of 1974 which captured the islands former deep water port at Famagusta.

Fast becoming a very cosmopolitan city, it is currently undergoing a massive building programme of high rise apartment blocks all along the seafront. The recently developed marina, the upgraded old fishing harbour and the seafront promenade stretching 16kms are well worth a visit, with ample refreshments stops along the way.

To the eastern end of Limassol is the tourist area, a mixture of different classes of hotels with sandy beaches. There is a vast array of bars and restaurants along the main dual carriageway back into the centre of the city. There is a good local bus service running along this route and it can be found on www.cyprusbybus.com.



AYIA NAPA

Napa became one of Europe's party capitals in the late 80s early 90s and today is still a very popular destination with some of the most breath taking "Blue Flag" white sand beaches with crystal clear aqua blue water. Nissi Beach (pictured left) is probably the most well known Napa beach famous for its foam parties and drinking games.

Originally a fishing village it boasts over 40,000 bed spaces in the summer months and just a resident population of less than 1,500 in winter.

Clubs, pubs, restaurants & shops in abundance the main street in Napa is the place to be during the day if you are not a beach lover. At night Ayia Napa Square (which is really a triangle) comes to life with clubs open until the early hours all vying for your business, competing with the loudest music and wild party games to tempt you in. Our visit is out of season and virtually all clubs and bars in this area will be closed but it is still a party town.



WINNING WORDS

Hello
Hello (informal)
How are you?
Fine, thank you [and you?]
What is your name?
My name is _____
Nice to meet you _____
Please
Thank you [very much]
You're welcome
Yes
No
Excuse me. (getting attention)
Excuse me. (begging pardon)
I'm sorry
Goodbye
I can't speak Greek [well]
Do you speak English?
Help!
Good day
Good evening
Good night
I don't understand
Where is the toilet/bathroom?
I'm lost
Where is the British Embassy?

You have nice eyes
You are beautiful/handsome

Γειά σας. (YAH sahss)
Γειά σου. (YAH soo)
Τι κάνετε; (tee KAH-neh-teh?)
Καλά, ευχαριστώ. [Και εσείς;] (kah-LAH ef-khah-rees-TOH [keh eh-SEES?])
Πώς σε λένε; (rohs seh LEH-neh?)
Με λένε _____. / Ονομάζομαι _____. (Με LE-neh _____. / Ono-MAH-zo-meh _____.)
Χάρηκα / Χαίρω πολύ. (HA-ree-ka / HEH-ro po-LEE)
Παρακαλώ. (pah-rah-kah-LOH)
Ευχαριστώ [πολύ]. (ef-hah-rees-TOH [po-LEE])
Παρακαλώ. (Pah-rah-kah-LOH)
Ναι / Μάλιστα (polite) . (neh / MAH-li-sta)
Όχι. (OH-hee)
Συγγνώμη / Με συγχωρείτε . (See-GHNO-mee / Meh seen-ho-REE-teh)
Συγγνώμη. (See-GHNO-mee)
Λυπάμαι. (lee-PAH-meh)
Αντίο. (AHN-dee-oh)
Δεν μιλά (καλά) ελληνικά. (dhen mee-LOH kah-LAH eh-lee-nee-KAH)
Μιλάτε αγγλικά; (mee-LAH-teh ang-gee-KAH?)
Βοήθεια! (Voh-EE-thee-yah!)
Καλημέρα. (kah-lee-MEH-rah)
Καλησπέρα. (kah-lee-SPEH-rah)
Καληνύχτα. (kah-lee-NEEKH-tah)
Δεν καταλαβαίνω. (dhen kah-tah-lah-VEH-no)
Πού είναι η τουαλέτα/το μπάνιο; (po EE-ne ee too-ah-LEH-tah/too-mpanio?)
Έχω χαθεί. ((Exo chathi))
Πώς πηγαίνω στο/στην/στον (depending on gender) το Βρετανικό προξενείο ;
(pos pi-GEH-no sto/stin/ston)
Έχεις ωραία μάτια. (E-khees or-EH-ah MA-tiah)
Είσαι όμορφη/όμορφος. (EE-seh OH-mor-fee/OH-mor-fos)
Police!
It's an emergency.
I lost my bag

I lost my wallet

I'm sick
I need a doctor
I need your help.

Scotland
Cyprus
I love you
How many/much?



VS



Common signs

OPEN
CLOSED
ENTRANCE
EXIT
PUSH
PULL
TOILET
GENTLEMEN
LADIES
No Admittance

Ανοιξε
κλειστό
Είσοδος
Έξοδος
Σπρώξτε
Τραβήξτε
Τουαλέτες
Αντρών
Γυναικών
Απαγορεύεται
είσοδος

Greek and Turkish are the official languages of Cyprus. Greek is spoken in the South and Turkish in the north.

English is widely spoken by locals of all ages particularly in the main cities and the tourist locations. Other languages spoken on the island include Russian, French and German.





IMPORTANT INFORMATION



Average Temperature in Nicosia in November is 18°C
Currency Euro (EUR)
Time zone (EET) GMT +2
Associated plug types is G the same as in Scotland

A Visa is not required to enter Cyprus although your passport should be valid for at least 6 months from your date of entry, particularly if travelling to the North. Cyprus is a full member of the EU and is also a member of Schengen but they have not fully implemented Schengen.

Cyprus remains divided by the Green Line which separates the 'Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus' from the rest of the island. The 'Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus' is only recognised by Turkey and not the rest of the international community including the British government.

Brexit will not happen before the trip to Cyprus so normal rules apply. The main change if it does happen is your passport must have 6 months validity remaining on your date of travel. Check this if your passport is more than 9 years old.

There are no public holidays in Cyprus in November.

Cyprus has a strict zero tolerance towards drugs.

Health

The European Health Insurance Card (EHIC) is valid in Cyprus, although that could change in a no deal Brexit. It is important to take out travel and medical insurance before you travel.

The emergency services numbers in Cyprus is 112

British High Commission Nicosia

Alexander Pallis Street Tel +357 22 861100
PO Box 21978
Nicosia
1587
Cyprus

Telephone Enquiries Monday to Friday, 08:00 to 16:00

Consular section by appointment only
Alexander Pallis Street (south) - Tuesday, Thursday 09:00 to 15:30
Mehmet Akif Street (north) - Wednesday, Friday 09:00 to 14:00

If you're in Cyprus and you need urgent help (for example, you've been attacked, arrested or someone has died) call +357 22 861100.
If you're in the UK and worried about a British national in Cyprus, call 020 7008 1500.

Thanks

ATAC would like to thank Davy Provan and the following web sites and organisations for information in this Sporran Guide.

www.scottishfa.co.uk
www.uefa.com
www.gov.uk
en.wikipedia.org
wikitravel.org/en/Greek_phrasebook
wikitravel.org/en/Cyprus
www.tasunshineappeal.co.uk
www.tartanarmychildrenscharity.org.uk
www.power-plugs-sockets.com/
www.theodora.com
www.intercity-buses.com
www.cyprusbybus.com
www.cfa.com.cy
en.wikipedia.org/wiki/UEFA_Euro_2020_qualifying

Getting There

Cyprus has 2 international airports

Larnaca International Airport is on the outskirts of Larnaca has a cheap (1.50 EUR) and frequent bus (no425) into Larnaca which departs from a bus stop next to departures. Buses run by Zenon (www.zinonasbuses.com). Take the bus to Finikoudes beach to get connections to other parts of the island.

Paphos International Airport is 4 miles south east of Paphos on the west of the island. There is a not so regular bus that runs to Paphos Harbour where onward connections can be found.

Kapnos Airport shuttle (www.kapnosairportshuttle.com) has regular buses from both airports around the island, not all services are fully operational in November.

Limassol Airport Express runs a regular bus service to/from Limassol from both Airports.

Whilst many cruises land in Cyprus there are no longer any ferries to the Republic of Cyprus.

Cyprus by Bus (www.cyprusbybus.com) website offers a central area with information for all bus services across the island and local services in all of the major towns.

Inter City Buses details can be found on www.intercity-buses.com including the new winter timetable that started on 11th November.

There are no trains in Cyprus

Northern Cyprus

Ercan International Airport is in Northern Cyprus and only operates flights to Turkey. There are 2 regular ferry routes from Turkey to Girne (Kyrenia). Passports are required to cross from north to south and if you enter via Northern Cyprus you could have a challenge crossing the border and back.

Davy Provan

Special Thanks must go to the main man himself Davy Provan. He supplied some information for the Sporran Guide, organised loads of buses from the 4 corners of Cyprus. Co-ordinated with the Cyprus FA to ensure extra tickets for those that didn't have one. On the day he will be there with his hi-viz jacket co-ordinating buses and ticket pickups. This is a phenomenal effort from a fantastic person and of course all profits from anything he organises goes to the Tartan Army Sunshine Appeal.

Feedback

We hope that you have found this useful, if you have any feedback or information you think would be useful for upcoming matches then get in contact with us via one of the social media channels on the foot of this page.



www.associationoftartanarmyclubs.com

[facebook.com/AssocTAClubs](https://www.facebook.com/AssocTAClubs)

info@associationoftartanarmyclubs.com

[@AssocTAClubs](https://twitter.com/AssocTAClubs)

GROUP I



Pos	Team	Pld	W	D	L	GF	GA	GD	Pts
1	Belgium(Q)	8	8	0	0	30	1	29	24
2	Russia(Q)	8	7	0	1	27	4	23	21
3	Cyprus	8	3	1	4	13	12	1	10
4	Scotland	8	3	0	5	11	17	-6	9
5	Kazakhstan	8	2	1	5	9	13	-4	7
6	San Marino	8	0	0	8	0	43	-43	0

—	3-1	19-Nov	3-0	3-0	9-0
16-Nov	—	1-0	4-0	1-0	9-0
0-2	0-5	—	16-Nov	1-1	5-0
0-4	1-2	2-1	—	19-Nov	6-0
0-2	0-4	1-2	3-0	—	4-0
0-4	19-Nov	0-4	0-2	16-Nov	—

16th November (EET)

16:00	Cyprus	v	Scotland	Nicosia
19:00	Russia	v	Belgium	Saint Petersburg
19:00	San Marino	v	Kazakhstan	Serravalle

19th November (GMT)

19:45	Belgium	v	Cyprus	Brussels
19:45	San Marino	v	Russia	Serravalle
19:45	Scotland	v	Kazakhstan	Glasgow



Nations League Play Off Path C

Scotland are confirmed in the play offs and will be top seed in Path C and play at home in the first semi-final. **Norway v Serbia** can be hard pencilled in for the 2nd semi-final. They both still have a mathematical chance of qualifying but would need at least one unlikely result (e.g. Faroes to get a draw against Sweden or Portugal to drop points against Lithuania or Luxembourg) to get through. **Finland** would have been the opposition but only require 3 points to qualify

direct, a win at home to Leichtenstein will be enough. That opens up 4th spot to others and it is more than likely 2 more teams from League C will be promoted into the League A Play Off Path (it cannot be a group winner) and a draw will decide how the teams are split. **Bulgaria** will be one of the teams in the draw. **Israel** have a very slim chance of qualifying so likely to be in the draw as well. **Hungary** are currently in a qualifying spot but will probably have to win in Cardiff to qualify direct. If two teams above them (e.g. Finland and Hungary) qualify **Romania** would then get a play off spot as they are unlikely to qualify. **Greece**, need a 3rd League C team (above them) to qualify directly to allow them into the playoffs, although that could also depend on what team is displaced. If Kosovo or North Macedonia qualify that would drop the number of teams from league C in the play off draw. Another unlikely complication is if all 12 League A nations qualify, whilst the Swiss will probably qualify Iceland won't. In summary the most likely scenario is Bulgaria, Israel and Hungary or Romania will enter the draw. 2 of them will go to Path A with Iceland and the 3rd will travel to Hampden. UEFA have a rule to try and keep hosts apart, that may reduce Scotland's potential opponents to Bulgaria or Israel. The draw is on 22nd November.

League C Rankings

Rank	Team	Group	Pos	Pld	Pts
25	Scotland[H]	I	4th	8	9
26	Norway	F	4th	8	11
27	Serbia	B	3rd	6	10
28	Finland	J	2nd	6	15 (q)
29	Bulgaria	A	5th	7	3
30	Israel	G	5th	8	11
31	Hungary[H]	E	2nd	7	12 (q)
32	Romania[H]	F	3rd	8	14
33	Greece	J	5th	8	8
34	Albania	H	4th	8	12
35	Montenegro	A	4th	7	3
36	Cyprus	I	3rd	8	10
37	Estonia	C	5th	7	1
38	Slovenia	G	4th	8	11
39	Lithuania	B	5th	7	1

(q) In position to host qualifier directly to Euro 2020

[H] Euro 2020 Host

Play Off Path A

Rank	Team
4	Switzerland
12	Iceland
CA	League C
CB	League C

Play Off Path B

13	Bosnia and Herzegovina
19	Wales
21	Slovakia
24	Northern Ireland

Play Off Path C

25	Scotland[H]
26	Norway
27	Serbia
CC	League C

Play Off Path D

40	Georgia
41	North Macedonia
42	Kosovo
43	Belarus

Qualified Teams

Rank	Team
5	Belgium
7	Spain[H]
8	Italy[H]
10	Poland
14	Ukraine
17	Russia[H]

Teams for Euro 2020

7 countries have now confirmed their places at Euro 2020: Belgium, Spain, Italy, Poland, Ukraine and Russia. Here is a run down of the current standing of the groups and the countries likely to join them:

Group A: 1st England, 2nd Czech Republic. Kosovo have a real chance of overhauling the Czechs.

Group B: 1st Ukraine(Q), 2nd Portugal. Serbia have an outside chance but need Portugal to slip up.

Group C: 1st Netherlands, 2nd Germany. Northern Ireland need to beat the Dutch and the Germans.

Group D: 1st Republic of Ireland, 2nd Denmark. Republic also need snookers as Denmark and Switzerland have an easier fixture as well as a game in hand.

Group E: 1st Croatia, 2nd Hungary. A four way battle with Hungary likely to join Croatia, Slovakia and Wales probably have too much to do.

Group F: 1st Spain(Q), 2nd Sweden. Romania need to beat Sweden and draw with Spain to snatch 2nd, Norway still in it but only in the maths.

Group G: 1st Poland(Q), 2nd Austria. Austria strong favourites to join qualified Poland.

Group H: 1st Turkey, 2nd France. Turkey and France 4 points ahead so should have too much for Iceland.

Group I: 1st Belgium(Q), 2nd Russia(Q). Belgium and Russia already sealed their place.

Group J: 1st Italy(Q), 2nd Finland. Finland need 2 points to qualify with Italy and have Leichtenstein at home in their next match.

After the Womens National Team won 5-0 in Albania early in the month the only other Scotland match in November 2019 is the male Under 21s they play Greece at Tynecastle in Edinburgh on Friday 15th November. It's a 7pm GMT kick off (9pm EET), the boys will be hoping to build on their impressive start to Group 4 in the 2021 European Championship Qualification.

